

Chain – the Present and the Future of SDMX tools



### The survey - background



- Building upon a 2016 report on the use of SDMX by central banks by the Irving Fisher Committee (IFC).
- Assess the state of SDMX adoption and usage of SDMX tools



- IFC members 97 Central Banks.\*
- **Unit of analysis**: the Organisation (Central Bank).



- Questionnaire was developed by a working group (7 organisations)
- Survey ran from March August 2023





#### The survey – 4 focus areas

- SDMX sophistication
- SDMX adoption
- SDMX tools in use

• SDMX implementation

• Tools used

Gaps in domain-specific learning materials

Organisation

Statistical Domain

?

Statistical process

Tools

- Primary use cases
- Level of satisfaction
- Strengths, weaknesses, areas for improvement
- Documentation/ resources

- SDMX relevance
- SDMX knowledge
- Tools used, need for new tools
- Gaps in learning materials



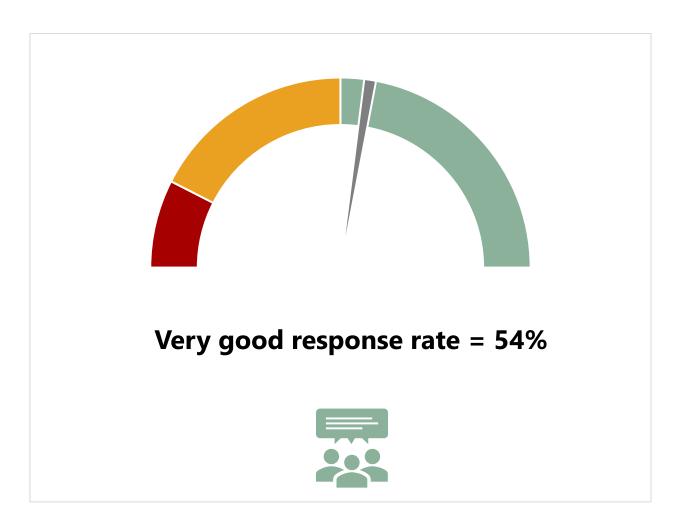
#### | The survey – key takeaways: the Present

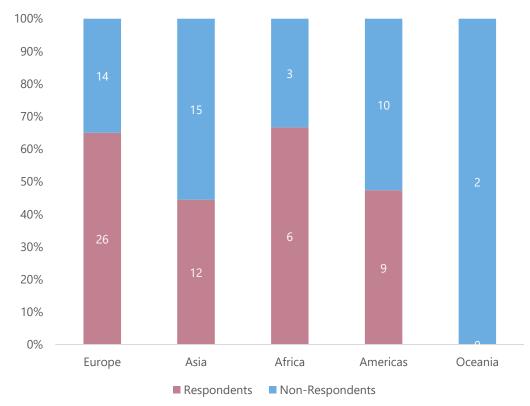
- SDMX adoption and relevance
  - ~80% of respondent central banks are using or implementing SDMX
  - Need to adapt internal tools and Lack of resource are key barriers to SDMX adoption
  - SDMX 2.1 is the predominantly used version of the standard
  - Along the statistical value chain, SDMX most relevant for Reporting to other institutions and Data Production
- SDMX tools
  - Overall satisfaction is good
  - Open-source tools and libraries are the most used.
  - There is a vast range of tools in use, but many by only a few respondents
  - The main barrier to using open-source tools is cyber security





## | The survey – response rate





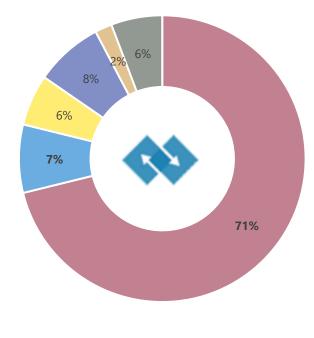


# **Initial Findings**

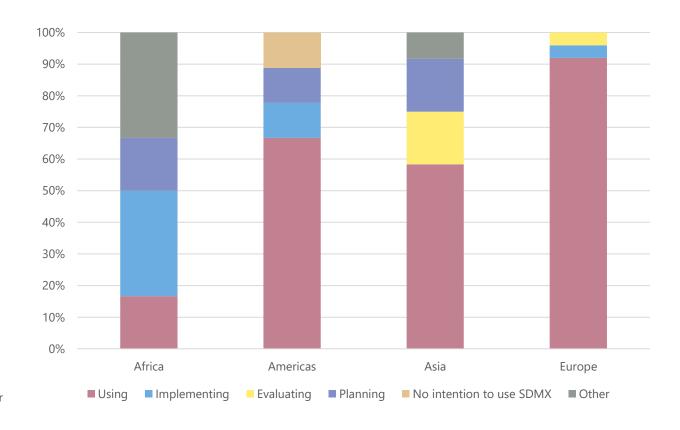
Preliminary results of the 2023 IFC survey



## The survey – SDMX usage



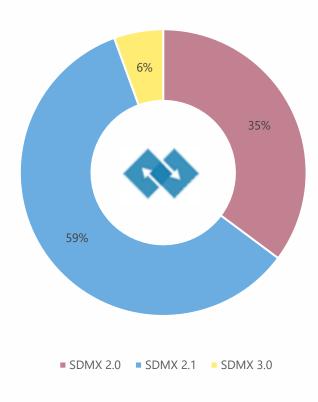


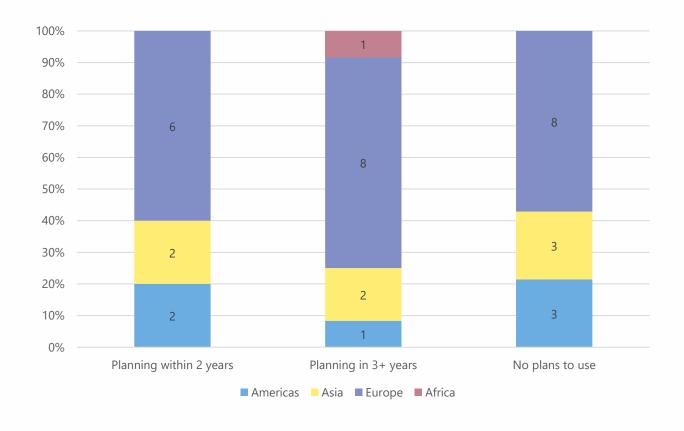






### The survey – SDMX versions and SDMX 3.0 migration plans

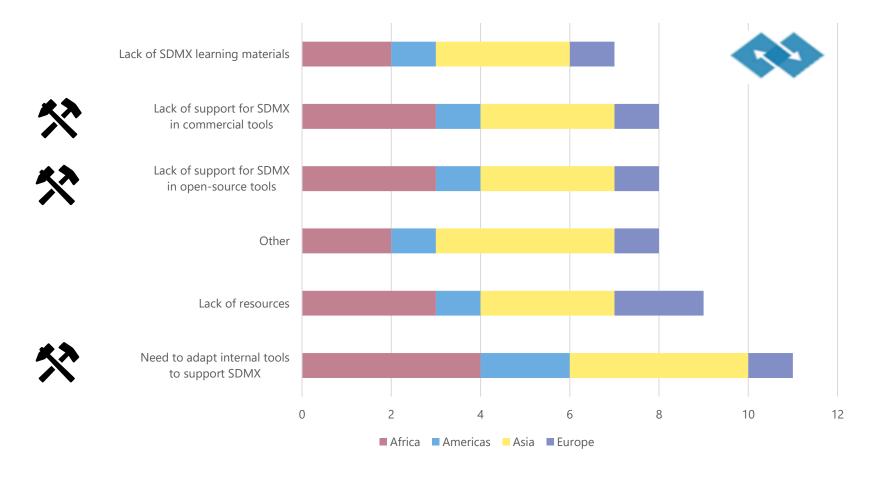








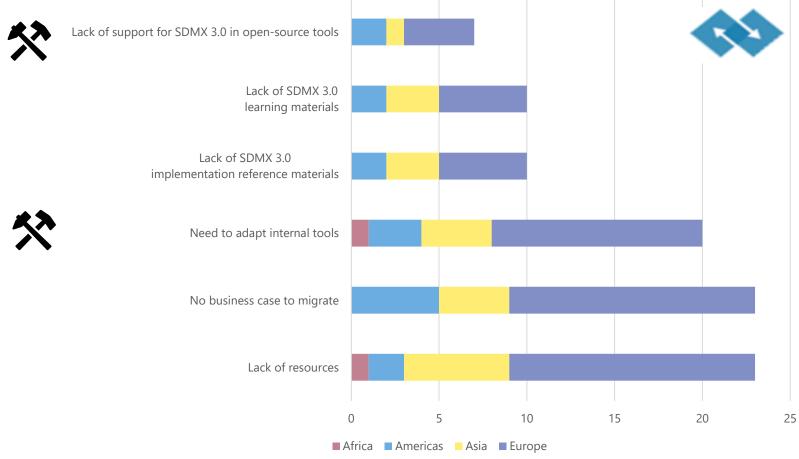
### | The survey – Not using SDMX. Why?







#### The survey – Barriers to SDMX 3.0 adoption







### The survey – SDMX Relevance vs Knowledge





















20	20	7	13	1
3	34	22	7	
	8	18	3	3
	4	3	6	3
2		9	6	14

#### Knowledge



### The survey – **SDMX Relevance** vs Knowledge





















20	20	7	13	1
3	34	22	7	
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#### Knowledge



### The survey – SDMX Relevance vs Knowledge



















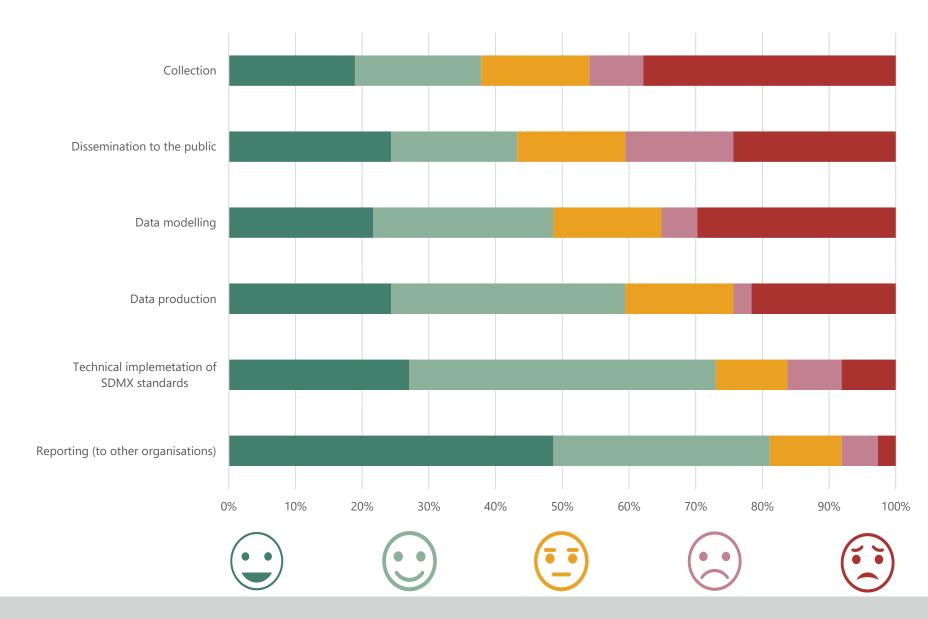


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#### Knowledge



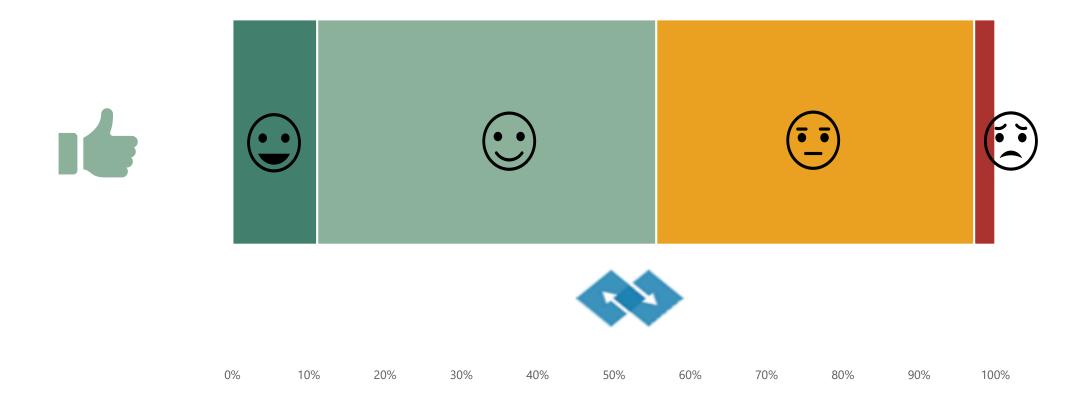
### The survey – SDMX relevance in the statistical value chain





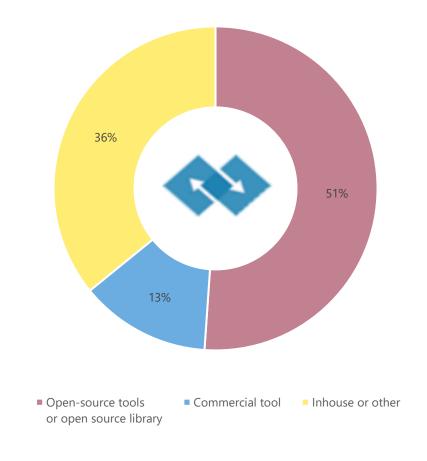


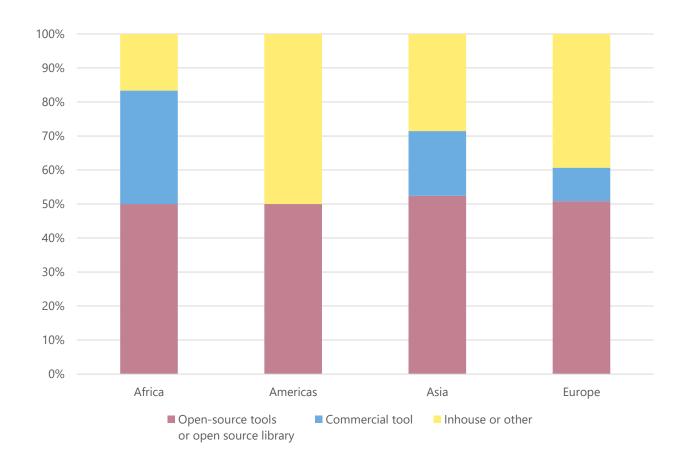
## | The survey – Overall satisfaction with SDMX tools





## | The survey – SDMX tools, by type



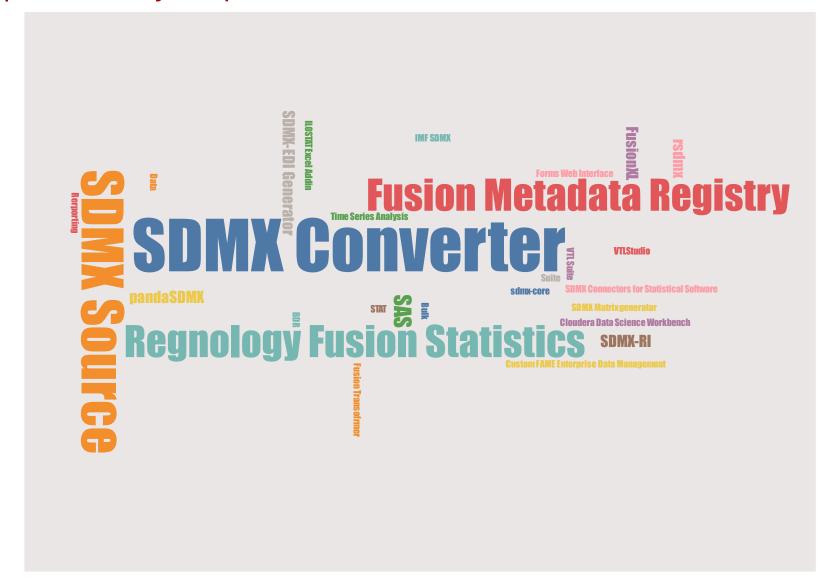




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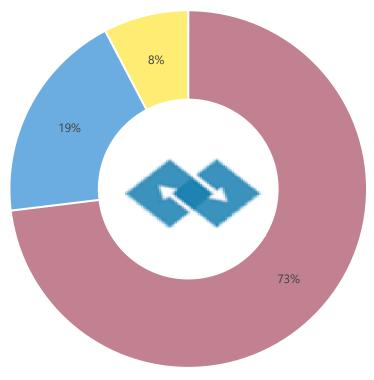


#### The survey – open-source and commercial tools





#### | The survey – Barriers to using open-source tools



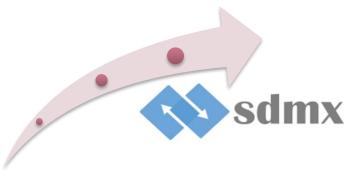
- Cyber security must approve use of open-source tools or open source library
- Policies require that in order to use an open-source tool, the source code must be provided
- Polices forbid the use of open-source tools



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#### The survey – key takeaways for the future



- SDMX adoption and relevance
  - 13% of respondent central banks are evaluating or planning to implement SDMX
  - There is a knowledge gap. Learning initiatives to close this gap are essential!
- Empower the data community through
  - Tools are not keeping up with the standard. Lack of support for SDMX 3.0.
  - Address barriers to adoption and use of open-source tools
  - Continued strong cooperation and collaboration to support SDMX in tools through the full value chain



Thank You